



# THE HONOLULU REPUBLICAN.

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## REBELLION SPREADING IN SOUTHERN CHINA

### Prince Tuan Continues in Power Despite Promises.

### EMPEROR IS PLAYING FOR TIME

### MINISTER WU THANKS PRESIDENT MCKINLEY FOR EMPEROR.

Russia is Withdrawing From Action With the Other Powers—She Still Holds Manchuria.

LONDON, Oct. 17, 4 a. m.—Hongkong dispatches tell of the continued spread of the southern rebellion. The Hongkong correspondent of the Daily Express writes a report that the British torpedo destroyer Hardy shelled 2,000 rebels who were advancing on San-chun, killing forty and wounding hundreds. This is not confirmed from any other point.

The evidence of Prince Tuan's continuance in power causes anxiety. According to the Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post it has produced a serious depression in trade there. Two Chinese banks have failed, others are expected to close, and it is rumored that the Russo-Chinese bank is in difficulties, owing to the removal of the Chinese court to the province of Shensi.

Shanghai telegrams report that the local mandarins have received a dispatch from Prince Tuan announcing that the court is now in safe keeping, and exhorting them to have patience until winter declines the allies; to keep the arsenals constantly at work and "everything ready for a massacre of all foreigners when the proper time arrives."

It is also reported that the Empress Dowager has issued a decree removing Liu Keng Wi, viceroy of Nanking, from his post and ordering General Yang Lu to join her at Sian Fu. The Shantung Baxers are returning to their homes; 12,000 of them were utterly defeated outside of Tsang-chun, near the Chihli border, by 5,000 of Governor Yuen Shi Kai's troops under General Mei.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Times, writing yesterday, says:

"It is reported on good authority that Liu Kun Yi telegraphed today to Robert Hart begging him to use his best endeavors to negotiate peace. This indicates that the Nanking viceroy fears an extension of the troubles if the present situation is allowed to continue. Further appointments of reactionary Manchus to high positions in the Yangtze regions shows no intention to break the power of the friendly viceroys."

There is no confirmation of the reported capture of Pao Ting Fu, of which, according to the Shanghai Echo, M. D. Chime, the French consul here, has received news. The report is generally discredited in London, especially as there is no direct telegraphic communication between Shanghai and Pao Ting Fu.

## THE EMPEROR OF CHINA THANKS PRESIDENT MCKINLEY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Minister Wu called upon the president this morning. Upon leaving the White House the minister said that he had conveyed to the president a message from the emperor of China, thanking President McKinley for the consideration shown by the United States during the Chinese trouble. The minister also brought a dispatch from Shanghai, from the southern viceroys stating that the imperial party had reached Tung Kuan, only a few miles from Sian Fu, the new capital, on the 14th instant.

Referring to the report from Peking that the edict for the punishment of certain Chinese officials had been forged, Minister Wu said such a story was preposterous and should receive no credence whatever. If anyone should issue a false decree of any character it would be very easy, he said, to ascertain its identity, and he certainly would be headed.

The advice received by Minister Wu gives no indication of a purpose on the part of the royal family to return to Peking, although there is reason to believe that efforts continue to be made to induce the emperor to return to the capital. The emperor has heretofore sent messages of thanks to the czar of Russia and the emperor of Japan for the course their governments have pursued and the message to the president is along the same lines.

Russia's determination to pursue a policy independent of the other powers is regarded by officials as a most important development in the situation. In the absence of official details, those in authority are in doubt as to whether this Russian stroke is designed to insure Russian occupation of Manchuria or is only another move in the pacific tendencies, which the czar's government has given expression to, beginning with the announcement of the withdrawal of Russian troops from Peking. As to the Russian decision on Manchuria, it is being recalled that in the Russian note of August 25th that government specifically stated:

"Russia will not fail to withdraw her troops from within the boundaries of the adjacent empire, provided, however, that the action of other powers shall not stand in the way."

opening a military campaign is not the "action of other powers" which will "stand in the way."

There is a strong impression in official quarters that the entire trend of Russia's action is toward the ultimate acquisition of Manchuria as part of the Russian domain.

## RUSSIA WILL NOT BE BOUND BY THE POWERS

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 16.—The Russian government permits it to be known that its attitude in China will be increasing independence of the concert of the powers. Russia, it is explained, is disposed to attach less value to joint action since her interests have been fully secured by the successful campaign in Manchuria. Moreover, Russia is not willing to "follow the irreconcilable policy of some of the powers."

The expectation, the publication states, is that the Chinese government is about to utilize all its resources of duplicity to keep the powers occupied with vain negotiations and proposals and the dispatching of notes, in order to gain time until the winter, counting on the rigor of the climate to prevent military operations and allow China to prepare her resources for a spring campaign.

## RUSSIA HASN'T MONEY ENOUGH TO GO TO WAR

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A special to the World from Washington says: The fact that Russia is endeavoring to raise a \$150,000,000 loan in New York and Paris may explain why Russia has been so anxious to induce the powers to retire from Peking. She is so desperately hard up that she cannot stand the financial strain of a prolonged campaign in China and the fact that she is trying to borrow money is perhaps one of the surest guarantees of international peace.

In Paris Russia is trying to induce the Rothschilds to lend her 500,000,000 francs (\$100,000,000). In New York one of the great international financial houses is trying to form a syndicate to lend Russia fifty million American dollars. As the details have not been settled and there are still differences of opinion between the American financiers and the Russian government as to the issuance of the loan and the rate of interest, the firm name is withheld for the present.

As America is a heavier creditor nation and has more money seeking investment than can be profitably employed, it is not unlikely that a Russian loan can be negotiated in New York, provided the security and interest offered are satisfactory.

## POWERS ACCEPT FRENCH PLAN FOR NEGOTIATIONS

PARIS, Oct. 16.—At a cabinet council held at the Elysee palace today, the minister of foreign affairs, M. Del Casse, announced that all the powers have accepted the French note as the basis for negotiations.

The minister added that he had been informed Li Hung Chang has just ordered the Black Flags and Kwang-si troops, which are traversing the province of Hu-nan on their way to join the court at Sian-fu, to abandon their march and return to Canton. A dispatch received by the Havas agency from Tien-tsin dated October 15, says:

"The British ambassador, being informed from London of the basis of negotiations proposed by M. Del Casse (French minister of foreign affairs), called a meeting of the diplomatic corps in Peking. The French propositions were unanimously approved and appreciation was expressed of France's initiative."

United States Minister Conger alone raised an objection, not against the propositions, but against the method of proceeding. Mr. Conger deemed that the French propositions would have to be imposed upon the Chinese during the negotiations. While these propositions are formulated as being the basis of negotiations, different ministers, among others the British and Italian, presented certain demands, especially the replacement of the Tsung-li-yamen by a minister of foreign affairs and posting for two years of the inspectors of the anti-European movement. These demands are approved by all ministers.

According to the same dispatch, should Pao-tung resist the demands to surrender, the place will be bombarded and the inhabitants punished.

## IMPERIAL EDICTS SAID TO HAVE BEEN FORGED

PEKING, Oct. 17.—It is regarded as certain that all the imperial edicts ordering the punishment of high officials were forged and concocted with the idea of preventing all advances on Pao Ting Fu. Prince Ching and Earl Li Hung Chang deny its authenticity.

Count von Waldersee is expected to arrive here October 17. Small marauding bands have become troublesome in the vicinity of the summer palace and a punitive expedition is being organized to proceed against them.

## COAL OPERATORS WILL GRANT MEN'S DEMANDS

### Reading Company Issues Statement to That Effect.

### CONFERENCE HELD ON SUBJECT

### ADVANCED WAGE SCALE TO CONTINUE TILL APRIL NEXT.

### Soldiers Stop and Disperse Bands of Marching Strikers Near Lansford—Strikers Jubilant Over Outlook.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—

The conference between the individual coal operators and the representatives of the big coal carrying companies with a view to bringing about the termination of the anthracite coal strike resumed this morning in the private office of President Harris of the Reading Railway Company.

The conference resulted in an agreement to accede to the demands made by the mine workers' convention. The Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company at once issued the following statement:

"It hereby withdraws the notice posted October 3, 1900, and to bring about practical uniformity in the advance of wages in the several coal regions, gives notice that it will suspend the operation of the sliding scale, will pay 10 per cent advance on September wages until April 1, 1901, and thereafter until further notice will take up with the mine employees any grievance which they may have."

The Lehigh Valley Company, in whose region the sliding scale is also in operation, will issue a similar notice, as will also the individual operators who were represented at the meeting.

This meets all the demands of the strikers and means the immediate ending of the strike.

## Lehigh Falls in Line.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—Late this afternoon the Lehigh Valley Railroad announced that it would adopt the same course as authorized in the statement issued by the Reading Company. This applies to the Schuylkill region operated by the Lehigh Company. With regard to the Wyoming region, where the sliding scale is not in use, the officials stated no advice had been received from the agreement of the company.

## STRIKE LEADERS HOPEFUL OF SPEEDY SETTLEMENT

HAZELTON, Pa., Oct. 17.—President Mitchell, when shown the statement issued by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, said he would be glad indeed to know that the anthracite operators had decided to change the notice previously posted, so as to comply with the provisions of the resolution adopted at the Scranton convention. In the absence of definite knowledge regarding the action of the other companies and the individual operators, Mr. Mitchell was cautious about talking for publication.

The strike leaders, however, think that no fault can be found with the present attitude of the operators toward the strikers, and although nothing is said about meeting committees representing the strikers, they think this is a matter that can easily be adjusted.

The action of the conference at Philadelphia was received here with demonstrations of joy, as all believe it means a speedy return to work at better wages.

## MARCHING STRIKERS WERE DISPERSED BY SOLDIERS

LANSDOWN, Pa., Oct. 16.—About 1,500 men and sixty women and girls marched eighteen miles from the south side of the Hazleton region during the night for the Panther Creek valley, where they expected to close the ten collieries of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation company, but just as the weary marchers were nearing their destination this morning they were met on a mountain road by three companies of infantry and at the point of the bayonet were driven back four miles to Tamaqua and dispersed. Another crowd of 800 strikers from the north side of Hazleton also marched here and succeeded in closing the company's No. 1 colliery at Nesquehoning, near Mauch Chunk, before it was watered. The presence of the soldiers was entirely unexpected and the strikers were much crestfallen that they failed in accomplishing the object of their long march.

It was probably the most exciting morning that the Panther Creek and the Nesquehoning valleys have ever experienced. Strikers were watered over the surface roads and companies of soldiers were marching in all directions, heading off the marching men. For a moment just after the two forces met on the road in the darkness it looked as if a clash would come, but the good sense of those who had charge of the strikers prevented a conflict.

## AMERICA'S SHARE OF LOOT AT TIEN-TSIN

### Li Hung Chang Makes a Demand for the Gold Bars.

### WILL BE HELD FOR THE PRESENT

### GENERAL CHAFFEE MAKES REPORT ON AMOUNT IN HIS POSSESSION.

### It is Nearly Three Hundred Thousand Dollars and May be Used to Indemnify the United States.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—A special to the Times from Washington says:

The Americans' share of the loot at Tien-tsin is larger than at first reported. It has been understood that all the Americans took after the capture of Tien-tsin, and apparently it was only the money taken from the treasury which concerned Earl Li as a government official.

Things of value were also obtained from other sources, and it is now reported that the total value of the loot will reach a figure about \$100,000 in excess of the amount originally reported. The gold coin and gold bars taken from the treasury were melted by order of General Chaffee. Nothing is yet known about similar seizures in Peking or at points along the line of march. The total value of the seizures will probably be very high.

## ANOTHER CHINAMAN ASKS RELEASE ON HABEAS CORPUS

An application for a writ of habeas corpus in favor of Ah Choo, who is in detention by Collector Stackhouse at Quarantine Island, was returned in Judge Estee's court yesterday and will be argued today. Ah Choo does not claim to have been born in the Hawaiian Islands, but sets forth that he was given a permit, dated July 21, 1890, to go to China for one year, and alleges further that owing to sickness he was unable to return within the allotted time and accordingly procured an extension of time of one year from the Chinese consul at Hongkong. Collector Stackhouse will hold that such an extension is not good without the visa of an American consul, which Ah Choo failed to secure.

Albert W. Hoytman, a German, was naturalized yesterday by Judge Estee.

Having contracted a severe cold, Judge Estee adjourned court yesterday.

## REPUBLICANS TO HAVE GRAND RALLY TONIGHT

### Arrangements are Complete for New Speakers, New Features and a Mammoth Crowd.

The republican mass meeting at the drilled shed tonight will be held as advertised, rain or shine. Paul Neumann will preside and make the opening speech. The others who will speak are W. C. Aebi, John Lane, Sam Parker, Jonah Kumale and E. S. Gill.

The torchlight procession will be carried out regardless of the weather and promises to be the longest on record.

The music will be a feature of the meeting. The inimitable Tuxedo quartet is practicing a number of new songs and these will be reinforced by the quartet from the Twenty-first infantry on board the transport Grant.

The committee promises to take care of everybody, no matter how big the crowd may be. The late good republican news from the States has infected the party on the islands with a sense of certain victory and the meeting tonight will be along jollification lines.

Today a party of democrats, including J. O. Carter, E. C. Macfarlane, E. B. McClanahan, John Wise, D. P. R. Isenberg, Frank Brown, H. J. Moorman and several others, go to Pearl City, Waianae, Waiheae, Kahuku, Laie and through Kona, if this party can return in time, some of them, including Messrs. McClanahan, Wise and others, will take the Mauna Loa Hawaii. Tomorrow they will take the Kilauea and make a hot campaign through Hawaii.

Five thousand campaign buttons arrived at republican headquarters yesterday. There are hundreds of them and they are to be given away. Each button bears a speaking likeness of McKinley and Roosevelt.

Prince David, who started for Kanai Tuesday night, expects to return next Sunday. He will then spend several days touring this island and then go to Maui and Molokai.

Yesterday was a big day for the post-office boys. The transport brought four bags, the Aorangi five bags, the Queen seventeen bags and the America Mary 162 bags for Honolulu and eighty-five in transit. The out-going Aorangi took a big eastern mail and the America Mary a lot of Oriental mail.

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Things of value were also obtained from other sources, and it is now reported that the total value of the loot will reach a figure about \$100,000 in excess of the amount originally reported. The gold coin and gold bars taken from the treasury were melted by order of General Chaffee. Nothing is yet known about similar seizures in Peking or at points along the line of march. The total value of the seizures will probably be very high.

## AMERICA'S SHARE OF LOOT AT TIEN-TSIN

Li Hung Chang's request for the \$278,000 taken from the treasury has received no reply.

There is considerable doubt as to whether the United States is entitled to keep this gold, whatever its amount may be, because this government has been proceeding on the theory that no war exists in China. The expedition of General Chaffee has been repeatedly defined as a rescue expedition and not an invasion. The United States has "not up communication with the officials and representatives of the Chinese government and has insisted on regarding the whole trouble in China as the result of internal disturbances, which did not justify open war. It is, therefore, doubtful whether the American government can take the contents of a Chinese government treasury as spoils of war.

Nevertheless, it is extremely unlikely that the gold will ever be returned to China, even that part of it identified and claimed by Li Hung Chang. It may not be held as spoils of war, for the reason given, but it will probably be held as part payment of the indemnity which America will demand. It will certainly not be returned until the peace negotiations are concluded, nor will any final decision about what to do with it be made until that time. Certificates for at least a large part of it have been deposited in the war department's account with the treasury department. They will stay there for a long time to come—certainly until the peace negotiations are concluded, and probably longer.

The chief point of speculation now, therefore, is not what will become of the loot, but what its amount is. The sums already reported cover only the amount taken at Tien-tsin. Officials have no information to give concerning any sums which may have been taken at the cities along the Pei Ho or at Peking itself. There was undoubtedly a great deal of looting at the capital, but whether any share of it fell to the Americans is a question concerning which no information is yet obtainable. This is not surprising, however, in view of the fact that Tien-tsin was taken in July and that it was three months later before any official statement could be obtained about the seizures there. In fact, only five days ago it was denied on high authority that General Chaffee had sent any report on the subject, although he had.

## AMERICAN INTERESTS IMPERILED.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A special to the World from Hongkong says: Americans and their extensive interests in the far south of China are imperiled by the rebellion in Kwang Tung province. Already the revolt is growing to such proportions that the Chinese authorities are unable to suppress it.

Mr. Wildman, the United States consul general at Hongkong, has gone to Manila to confer over the critical situation with General MacArthur, the commander-in-chief of the American troops in the Philippines.

## MISSIONARIES IN CHE KIANG.

State Department Makes Public List Obtained From England.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The state department has made public a list of missionaries residing in the province of Che Kiang with the exception of those in the Hang Chi Fu circuit at the end of June, together with their whereabouts as far as known on the 10th of last August. The information was obtained by the British consul at Ningpo and was transmitted to the state department by Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy at London, through the courtesy of Lord Salisbury, who furnished the American embassy with the data collected as follows:

American Baptist Mission—Americans, Rev. J. R. and Mrs. Goddard, Miss Goddard and Miss Corbin, stationed at Ningpo, had left for Shanghai; Rev. T. D. and Mrs. Holmes, Miss Righter, Miss Minniss and Miss Relyea, stationed at Ningpo, had left for Shanghai; Miss Corbin, had left for Shanghai; also had left for Shanghai. British—Dr. and Mrs. Grant and Miss Stewart were at Ningpo; Rev. and Mrs. O. E. Bousfield, at Shaohing, had left for Shanghai.

American Presbyterian Mission—Americans, Rev. J. E. Shoemaker, stationed at Yuyao, was at Ningpo; Mrs. Shoemaker, his wife, had left for Shanghai; Miss Morton, Miss Cunningham and Miss E. Roelstone, stationed at Ningpo, had left for Shanghai.

## SHRINERS RECEIVE FRIENDS ON SHIPBOARD

### Grand Ball Last Night on the Hurricane Deck.

### OROVE TO THE PALI YESTERDAY

### ADIRUS WILL BE MADE TODAY WITH THE PILGRIMS OF ISLAM.

### Zealandia Sails for Home at Four O'clock This Afternoon—Visitors Pleased With Honolulu.

This afternoon the Zealandia will ship anchor and head for San Francisco. The Shriners will shake the dust of Honolulu from their feet and depart. They have had a good time. They have said so over and over again. They have shown it in the zeal exhibited in following out the jaunts and junkets of the official itinerary. The Diamond Head weather man did the best he could to coax a continuous northeast trade to prevail through the week. The fact that he succeeded with the exception of an occasional shower in the valleys has been duly appreciated by the visitors. They have not said a word against the weather.

Yesterday was another busy day for the Shriners. They were off early for the Pali. At 8:30 one hundred and fifty took carriages for this magnificent drive. Up the slope they encountered a bracing breeze and were under the smile of a fair sky.

At the Pali the wind blew a gale. Several ladies lost parasols. Cones were blown from the hair of half a dozen and more than one borrowed her husband's belt to hold in place rebellious skirts. These minor adventures were as spice to the splendid view presented from the heights. The party returned to the city at 5 o'clock. On the return trip they took in Punchbowl and there met with their first disappointment—as advertised, it was totally dry.

A large number of the Shriners did not drive to the Pali. Numerous small parties went about, following their own fancy. The Bishop Museum was a draw card and was visited by many yesterday afternoon.

Last evening the Shriners were "at home" on the Zealandia. Cards were sent out to all the Masons in the city—their wives and sweethearts. The rain and mud did not prevent a large turnout to the Shriners' reception. The guests were met on the spar deck by the following ladies: Mrs. A. P. Booth, Mrs. T. H. Brown, Mrs. J. W. Burnham, Mrs. J. Danksin, Mrs. A. F. Gunn, Miss Gunn, the Misses Hromada, Mrs. S. S. Neal, Mrs. Irvin, Mrs. Schneider, Mrs. Stallman, Miss Floy Trussell, Miss Mayne Trussell and Mrs. Clark Wise.

The reception was in the main salon. Light refreshments consisting of coffee, cake and ice cream were served.

Under the supervision of the scenic artist, F. M. Kreling, and the decorator, F. G. Pratt, the hurricane deck had been transformed into a brilliant dance hall. It had been wired and electric light for the occasion. Canvas at the sides kept the weather out and gave the place an air of snug comfort. Draperies of red, white and blue bunting were suspended overhead. The dancing was managed by Charles Stallman and Bonnet's band furnished the best of inspiration. The hour was late when quick reginal on the Zealandia.

Today will be devoted to saying goodbye. The Zealandia sails at 4 p. m. and her passengers will be garlanded with leis and laden with Honolulu's best wishes.

## MISS ELSTON TO BECOME THE WIFE OF DR. SANDOW

BERKELEY, Cal., Oct. 13.—The engagement of Miss Eula Elston of this city to Dr. B. F. Sandow, government physician of the Island of Kauai, Hawaiian Islands, has been announced. The wedding will take place in Berkeley some time about the 1st of January next.

Miss Elston met Dr. Sandow while on a trip to Honolulu for her health about a year ago. She remained at the islands several months, visiting her brother, Chas. Elston, and his fiancée, Miss Hart, and subsequently was bridesmaid at the wedding. Miss Elston is the daughter of Rev. and Mrs. M. A. Elston of 2023 Channing way. The Rev. Mr. Elston is pastor of the Christian church of this city.

Dr. Sandow has held the position of government physician of the Island of Kauai for several years. Although a German by birth, he has spent most of his life in this country and received his education in the east. He was married several years ago, but his wife died shortly afterward. Dr. Sandow is expected to arrive in California about Christmas, when full arrangements will be made for the wedding. Miss Elston's future home will be in Kauai.

## HE ACTED CRAZY.

Russian Finn Tried to Demolish a Fence and is Arrested.

A big Russian Finn ran amuck on the corner of Queen and Fort streets yesterday afternoon. He had a heavy sledge in his hands and appeared to be looking for trouble. All of a sudden he gave a yell and made a rush at the fence surrounding Hackfeld & Co.'s new building, which he started in to demolish. He hit the fence several hard blows and then, stepping back, he hurled the hammer with all his might at the fence. The flying hammer narrowly missed striking a passerby. The Russian was put under arrest by humane Officer Miller, who started for the police station with him. On Merchant street the Russian concluded that he had gone far enough and he and Miller had a tussle in which Captain Fox of the mounted patrol joined. The man was finally lodged in jail. His case will be investigated, as it is thought that he is insane.

## Death of Chesney Ewing.

Says the San Francisco Chronicle: "Chesney W. Ewing, a portrait artist, recently returned from Honolulu, died at the City and County hospital yesterday of consumption. Ewing was well known in this city some years ago, but left here in 1897 and went to the Sandwich Islands. Since his return he has been living at 225 Alameda avenue."

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## TERRITORIAL OFFICIALS LOOKING FOR RENTS

### Governor Dole Explains the Situation Relative to Government Occupancy of Buildings.

When seen by a reporter for The Republican yesterday, Governor Dole stated that he had given no notice that he would require the United States government to pay rent for the use of the custom house building.

Dispatches from Washington of October 4 stated that Governor Dole had served such notice and that the question had been submitted to the comptroller of the treasury for a decision. That official held "that if the collector at Honolulu took possession of the buildings within the knowledge and assent of the governor, the United States is not liable to pay rent therefor; but if such possession was taken without both his knowledge and assent, then the United States is liable."

Governor Dole said that the United States was given temporary occupation of public buildings, without rent, until the subject of charging rent should be determined. Correspondence on the subject is passing between Honolulu and Washington now and the territory's side of the case has been submitted. The position taken by the territorial officials would not be divulged by Governor Dole. He added, however: "The matter is not one of any contention on either side. Yet, considering the state of finances, it is a question."

## BORN.

M'NICHOLL.—In this city, October 23, 1900, to the wife of D. W. McNicholl, a son.